

# EAE 127 - MIDTERM 11/05/08

## (Open Notes, open Book)

(Give unambiguous answers. Use results derived in Class)

### 1. Inviscid, Incompressible Flow (20 points)

**Design Requirements:** A thin airfoil design is considered for which the center of pressure is located at mid-chord, i.e.  $\frac{x_{c.p.}}{c} = \frac{1}{2}$ , when the airfoil is operating at *ideal angle of attack (adapted leading edge)* at a lift coefficient  $C_{l,adapt} = 0.5$ . The purpose of the analysis is to find the *simplest airfoil* that will satisfy the requirements, i.e. with the least number of non-zero coefficients  $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n$ , and the global aerodynamic coefficients at adaptation.

#### 1.1 Definition of the Center of Pressure

Give the definition of the *Center of Pressure*.

#### 1.2 Finding the Fourier Coefficients

How does “adapted leading edge” translate in terms of the Fourier coefficients?

Find **all** the Fourier coefficients *at adaptation* that satisfy the design requirements.

#### 1.3 Equation of Cambered Plate

Give the equation of the cambered plate. What is the relative camber  $\frac{d}{c}$  of the profile?

#### 1.4 Results

Give the *incidence of adaptation* (ideal angle of attack). Make a sketch of the flow in this case, showing in particular the streamlines in the leading edge and trailing edge regions.

Give the lift coefficient  $C_l$ , the moment coefficient  $C_{m,o}$  and the drag coefficient  $C_d$  at the incidence of adaptation.

### 2. Linearized Supersonic Flow (20 points)

Let  $\beta = \sqrt{M_\infty^2 - 1}$ ,  $M_\infty > 1$ . Consider a thin cambered plate of equation  $d(x) = 4d \frac{x}{c} (1 - \frac{x}{c})$  where  $\frac{d}{c}$  is the relative camber ( $d > 0$ ).

#### 2.1 Pressure Distribution on a Thin Cambered Plate

Calculate the pressure coefficients  $C_p^+(x)$  and  $C_p^-(x)$  along the plate in terms of  $\beta$ , for  $\alpha = 0$ . Plot on a graph  $-C_p^+(x)$  and  $-C_p^-(x)$ .

#### 2.2 Global Coefficients: $C_l$ , $C_d$ , $C_{m,o}$

Give the lift coefficient  $C_l(\alpha)$  and calculate the aerodynamic coefficients  $(C_d)_{\alpha=0}$ ,  $(C_{m,o})_{\alpha=0}$ , for  $\alpha = 0$ .

#### 2.3 Static Equilibrium About an Axis

If the profile can rotate freely about an axis placed at the leading edge (neglect weight), find  $\alpha_{eq}$ , the equilibrium angle and  $C_{l,eq}$ . Sketch the profile at equilibrium and indicate with a vector  $\vec{C}_{l,eq}$  the resulting force and its point of application on your drawing.

#### 2.4 Static Stability

Is the equilibrium statically stable, neutral or unstable?